VonSim Instruction Set

Data Transfer Instructions							
Instruction	**Description**	**Flags**					**Obs.**
		CF	ZF	SF	IF	OF	
`MOV dest, source`	Copies `source` to `dest`	—	—	—	—	—	1
`PUSH source`	Pushes `source` onto the stack	—	—	—	—	—	2
`POP dest`	Pops the top of the stack and loads it into `dest`	—	—	—	—	—	2
`PUSHF`	Pushes `FLAGS`	X	X	X	X	X	
`POPF`	Pops `FLAGS`	X	X	X	X	X	
`IN dest, source`	Loads the value from port `source` into `dest`	—	—	—	—	—	3
`OUT dest, source`	Loads the value from `source` into port `dest`	—	—	—	—	—	4

Arithmetic Instructions							
Instruction	**Description**	**Flags**					**Obs.**
		CF	ZF	SF	IF	OF	
`ADD dest, source`	Adds `source` to `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	1
`ADC dest, source`	Adds `source` and `CF` to `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	1
`SUB dest, source`	Subtracts `source` from `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	1
`SBB dest, source`	Subtracts `source` and `CF` from `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	1
`CMP dest, source`	Compares `source` with `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	1
`NEG dest`	Negates `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	5
`INC dest`	Increments `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	5
`DEC dest`	Decrements `dest`	X	X	X	—	X	5

Logical Instructions							
Instruction	**Description**	**Flags**					**Obs.**
		CF	ZF	SF	IF	OF	
`AND dest, source`	Operation `dest` AND `source` bit-wise	0	X	X	—	0	1
`OR dest, source`	Operation `dest` OR `source` bit-wise	0	X	X	—	0	1
`XOR dest, source`	Operation `dest` XOR `source` bit-wise	0	X	X	—	0	1
`TEST dest, source`	Operation `dest` AND `source` bit-wise, flags only	0	X	X	—	0	1
`NOT dest`	Operation NOT `dest` bit-wise	0	X	X	—	0	5

Interrupt Handling Instructions							
Instruction	**Description**	**Flags**					**Obs.**
		CF	ZF	SF	IF	OF	
`INT N`	Executes software interrupt `N`	—	—	—	0	—	
`IRET`	Returns from the interrupt routine	X	X	X	X	X	
`CLI`	Disables maskable interrupts	X	X	X	0	X	
`STI`	Enables maskable interrupts	X	X	X	1	X	

Control Transfer Instructions							
Instruction	**Description**	**Flags**					**Obs.**
		CF	ZF	SF	IF	OF	
`CALL label`	Calls a subroutine starting at `label`	—	—	—	—	—	
`RET`	Returns from the subroutine	—	—	—	—	—	
`JC label`	Jumps to `label` if `CF = 1`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JNC label`	Jumps to `label` if `CF = 0`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JZ label`	Jumps to `label` if `ZF = 1`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JNZ label`	Jumps to `label` if `ZF = 0`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JS label`	Jumps to `label` if `SF = 1`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JNS label`	Jumps to `label` if `SF = 0`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JO label`	Jumps to `label` if `OF = 1`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JNO label`	Jumps to `label` if `OF = 0`	—	—	—	—	—	
`JMP label`	Unconditionally jumps to `label`	—	—	—	—	—	

Control Instructions							
Instruction	**Description**	**Flags**					**Obs.**
		CF	ZF	SF	IF	OF	
`NOP`	Does nothing	—	—	—	—	—	
`HLT`	Halts execution	—	—	—	—	—	

1. The possibilities for `dest, source` are:
   register, register; *register, memory address*; *register, immediate*; *memory address, register*; *memory address, immediate*.
   The *memory address* can be a label (direct addressing) or `[BX]`, which is a memory address (indirect addressing). It can also be an indirect addressing with offset in the form `[BX+offset]`.
2. `dest` and `source` can only be 16-bit registers.
3. The possibilities for `dest, source` are:
   - `AL`, *port*;
   - `AX`, *port*;
   - `AL`, `DX`;
   - `AX`, `DX`.

   port must be an immediate operand between `0` and `255`.
4. The possibilities for `dest, source` are:
   - *port*, `AL`;
   - *port*, `AX`;
   - `DX`, `AL`;
   - `DX`, `AX`.

   port must be an immediate operand between `0` and `255`.
5. `dest` can only be a *memory address* or a *register*. The *memory address* can be a label (direct addressing) or `[BX]`, which is a memory address (indirect addressing). It can also be an indirect addressing with offset in the form `[BX+offset]`.